

The Nourished Child Exhibition





MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES

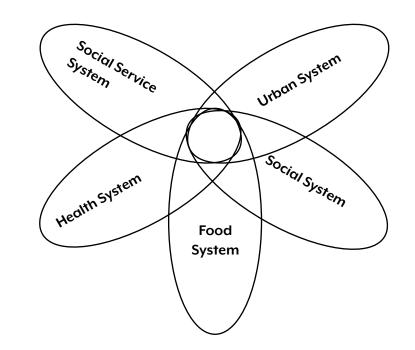
Introduction



The Nourished Child Project is a BBSRC-funded project led by researchers from City University, London, the University of Cape Town and Stellenbosch.

The project's aim is to define and communicate what a systems approach to improving the quality of diets among children under 5 and women of childbearing age would look like in urban settings to address the double burden of malnutrition, and works in Masiphumelele, Cape Town and Zweletemba, Worcester.

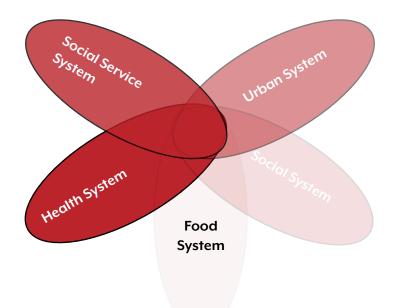
The exhibition draws on photos from Samantha Reinders and quotes from research participants. This document provides information on what existing government policies, programmes and initiatives shape the experiences of research participants and where opportunities for interventions lie. "with the majority of people already living in urban areas – not only in large metropolitan areas, but also in secondary cities and small towns – a greater focus on urban planning as a way of influencing food systems development will be critically important"¹



¹Stamoulis, K., Lartey, A., & Morrison, J. (2018). Foreword. In Cabannes Y. & Marocchino C. (Eds.), Integrating Food into Urban Planning (pp. V-Viii). London: UCL Press. Retrieved from http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctv513dv1.2. Page v.

SYSTEM	DESCRIPTION
Social System	The wider societal system
Social Services System	Services provided trhough aspects broadly defined as social protextion, which include education, health, grants, medical support, etc.
Urban System	The entire urban space and the actions that take place within, and as a result of, interaction with urban contexts
Health System	The systems of public and private health provision, but also community-related health considerations. For this scan systems that impact health outcomes are also deemed to be health systems, i.e. water and sanitation systems.
Food System	The entire food value chain and the actors that support the functioning of that chain, from input suppliers through the value chains from farm to consumption and waste, including retail and even reciprocity systems that enable food access.

A brief explanation of the ratings and assessments used



SYSTEMS RATINGS

Explanation: Here an assessment was made of how evident and present the systems under discussion were in enabling improved access to nutrition for mothers and their under five year old children. The intensity of the shading depicts instances where the system supports the theme, the lighter the shading the less support is evident. While all systems might not need to be equally active, most issues spans systems.

Despite mandates and silos in intervention delivery, given the transversal nature of the challenge, this reflects the relative importance of each theme rather than the relative number of interventions in place?

INTERVENTIONS

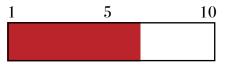
These are policies, programmes (such as Western Cape on Wellness) or initiatives (like the road to health booklet) or other processes defined as being "existing interventions that currently shape or could be leveraged to shape this experience".

SYSTEM OVERLAPS IN POLICY RATING

Drawing on a review of comments from the research participants and policy or intervention details, and assessment is made of the specific themes discussed. A further layer of assessment is the extend to which the systems overlap to enable improved nutrition for mothers and their children under the age of five.

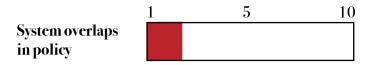
THEME: ROAD TO HEALTH BOOKLET

System overlaps in policy

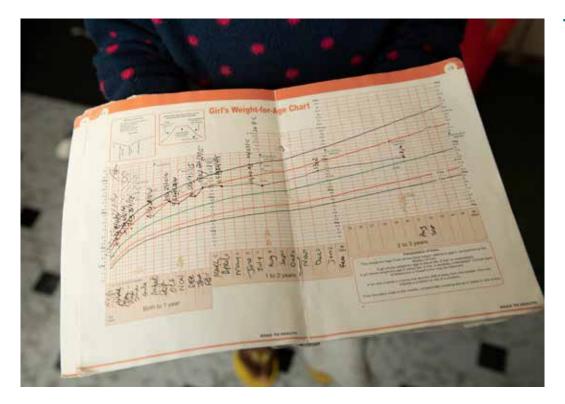


Explanation: Here the intersections between a variety of systems can be noted in the narratives from the respondents, but also in terms of how these specific theme is assessed to actively cut across the different systems. In this case health, wellness, food security, the social system and the social services systems are clearly evident.

THEME: ENERGY

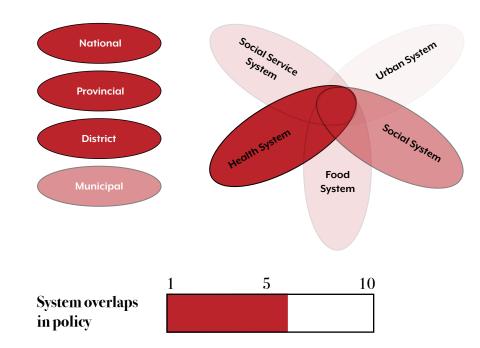


Explanation: Here the intersections between a variety of systems are far less evident. Many respondents have limited access to energy and the various systems under review play very little role in either supporting access or remedying constrained access.



The Road to Health card is very important. When you are at the hospital to give birth and have your baby when the nurse gives you this card they sits down with you and explain the card to you and complete the card with the child's name. This card guides you hence the child is still small and growing on that card you are told what to feed the child and also immunizations that you have to get for the child and you are told when you should go. The nurse gives you a letter when you have been discharged from the hospital to go to the nearest clinic to you and you have to take the card with you when you go. Also at the clinic they give you further instructions about the importance of the card. The growth of the child is recorded on that card If you did not go to the clinic they will know it will show that you did not come on a certain date, you skipped. It also shows that it's important that you attend the clinic because as the child grows they need their injections, and how you feed them and how to take care for the child all of that is important.

Theme: Road to Health Booklet



EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

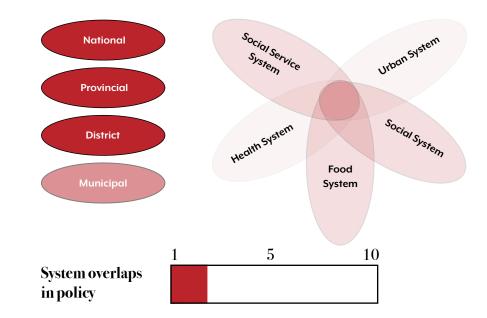
• Road to Health Booklet

But also:

- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations Relating to the Fortification of Certain Foodstuffs 2003
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- National Development Plan
- South African Constitution
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Western Cape Government Breastfeeding Awareness



THEME: Breastfeeding v. formula – links to Road to Health



STORIES

"What I mean is, for example in baby foods. They tell you the solids are not good for the child. Four months by the time and the child is already on solids. That happened with my first born with my second born I was older by that time. So they will tell you that you must give the child solids because the child does not sleep, must give the child formula because the baby does not sleep. When you get to the clinic don't tell the nurses that you are feeding the child, don't tell the nurse. And on that day the child must not get the solids that is what I mean. Like now if I say I have a four months old baby now. I won't pack solids for them or I will give before I go to the clinic and they have already eaten for the day. So I would actually pretend that they have not eaten. Cause the nurses will be asking if the child has eaten. I will say no tis is a normal weight, baby weight. Whereas the influence you get it from home. That what I got for my first born. And when it comes to formula my mom just rocked up with formula without consulting me about not being safe for the child breast feeding and all of that if that feeding is okay for the child. I am getting education from my pregnancy that breast-feeding is the best for the child. Even in books and everything. We are given there at the clinic booklets and everything. You are told that breast-feeding is best for the child. Even the formula they give you, my mom gave me its Lactogen. Even the formula says breast-feeding is best for the child. But when your mom advises because she is the one who knows better what you go through. My mom knows better I have to actually take whatever it is she gives me. She is the one who actually helps me with the child. So I feel like it's important I listen to her more than anything else."

"So that is what I went through. And my second baby, the two-year-old. Things were a bit different I would voice out a little bit and tell them I am not comfortable with this. But at times I had a lot of complications with my pregnancy and giving birth and my breast-feeding. So within a week she had to take formula. But I stood my ground she took formula until she was six months., from six months that is when I introduced the solid foods. Like the porridge and cereals for the child. So that is what I mean."

Sisonke Mom

Pregnant? momconnect is here to help!

You'll get weekly messages to help with your pregnancy, and answers to all your questions. Join our community - it's completely free and we're here to support you. Your friends and family can also join MomConnect by dialing "134"550#

Remember to tell them to stop by a clinic to complete their registration.



THEME: Breastfeeding v. formula – links to Road to Health, cont.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations Relating to the Fortification of Certain Foodstuffs 2003
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- National Development Plan
- South African Constitution

🕣 health

- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Western Cape on Wellness (WOW) (non dated)
- Western Cape Government Breastfeeding awareness
- Cape Town Early childhood Development land use policy 2013
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21
- MomConnect Programme

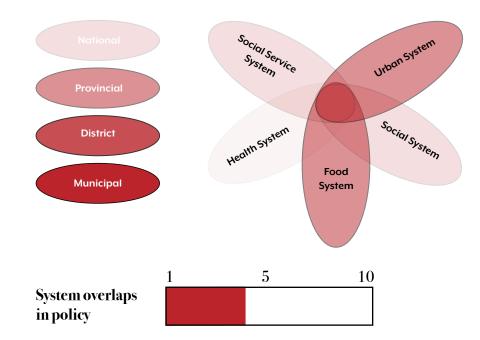


Participant 1: I would normally buy Snoek Parcel after everything. Buy groceries, paying account, insurance, buying electricity then I could treat my Family with Snoek Parcel.

Participant 2: I buy snoek parcel with change after I'm done shopping then I know that we won't cook cause we came back late from town.

Participant 3: ...for example if you busy doing your shopping and then you get hungry you can buy them sit down and eat and they are also affordable. But not all the time we must eat them cause they are unhealthy like Snoek Parcel. If you eat Snoek Parcel too much you might get sicknesses like high blood cz they dnt have that much nutrients.

THEME: Big shop takeaways



- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- National Food and Nutrition Security Implementation Plan 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017 and regulations relating to the labelling and advertising of foodstuffs
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- Cape Metro District Health Plan 2018 2021
- Cape Winelands Local Economic Development Strategy 2017-2022
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21

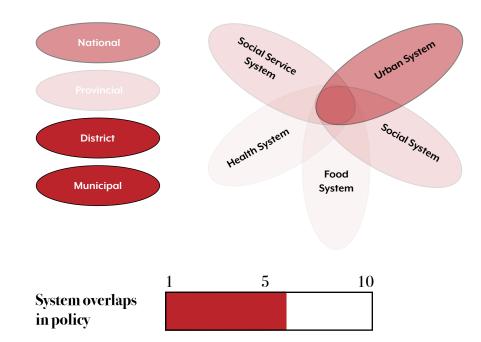


I would say it's water, because even the water when the pipes are closed and there's no water supply for those hours then you can't cook. It's better when you have the instant. Maybe during the day when there is no water, and then you can make instant porridge with milk. But let's say during the day and there is no purity then you can't even cook something because you have to boil it, and you need water in order to boil. So I would say water would be an issue for me. But as I say that, I ensure most of the time that I do have those 6 rand 5 litre bottles in order to bridge that gap for the time being.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012

THEME: Water



- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- City of Cape Town Resilience Strategy 2019
- Cape Town Integrated Development Plan 2017 2022
- Cape Metro District Health Plan 2018 2021
- Cape Winelands District health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21
- City of Cape Town Informal Trading by-law 2006 (and updated in the Trading policy 2013) Informal trading policy, 2013
- Cape Town Urban Design Policy 2013
- Cape Town Food Gardens Policy in support of poverty alleviation and reduction 2013.
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21

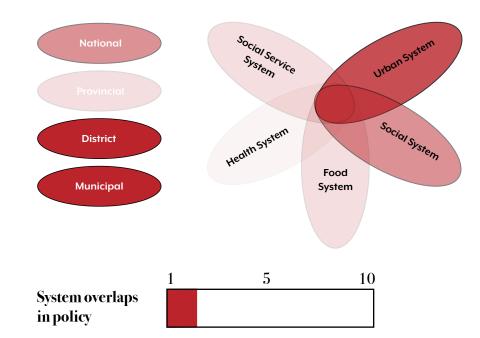


The only thing we can use, guys, is the paraffin stove, gas stove. But we are not safe because we have kids and they might play with the paraffin stove and they will get burnt. Specially the gas, it is very dangerous the kids can switch it on and sometimes you won't know when it's on. That is why I'm saying it's dangerous. But then we don't have a choice because we don't have electricity. And we can't even do anything because we don't own any box. And sometimes there would be load shedding without any notice. So we don't have a choice but to use the paraffin and the gas.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012

THEME: Energy



- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
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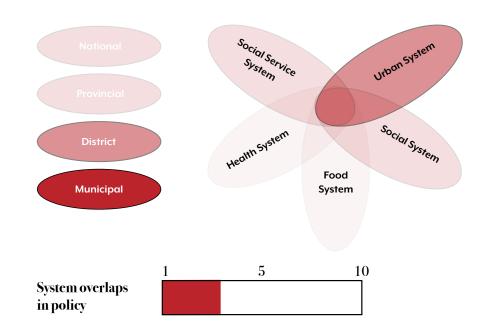


"People I do not have a problem when it comes to sanitation in my property. But my problems are the drains on the streets. The municipality I think they do not do their own job they do not clean the drains until they are blocked and when its blocked they take 2 to 3 days to come and clean it up and it affects our children because our children go and play with that dirty water unknowingly because if you tell your child not to play with that water they will still go and play because they saw other children playing with that water and they play. That is why our children get sick they get the diseases from that dirty water. For us people let us please not throw food on the drains, dirty staff, don't abort children and put them on the drains and stuff them down there because also that makes the drains to block. Please people let us teach ourselves to behave."

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet

THEME: Sanitation



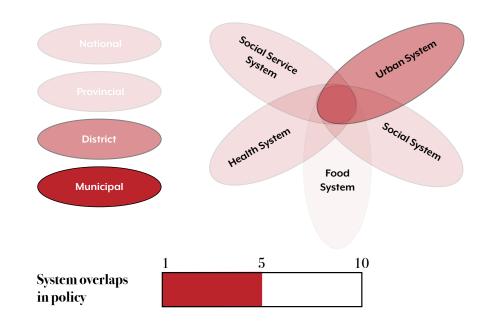
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017
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- Cape Town Urban Design Policy 2013
- CT Food Gardens Policy in support of poverty alleviation and reduction 2013.



The only thing for me that is a challenge here at informal settlements is one thing. When it has rained the child has to stay in bed we stay in bed and it's difficult for the child to play. When I need to go to the table to cook I have to use crates to go because the water comes inside the house and I cannot not use electricity to cook because the house is wet so I use paraffin to cook so that we can eat, that is our situation during winter. I have to wear gumboots (rain boots) when I want to go outside and people will be looking at you funny but we know we have a situation of water inside the houses. You see now winter is going to start but I am not worried this year because had to do a special floor with pallets so this winter I am safe. I had to make a plan.

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines

THEME: Housing



- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
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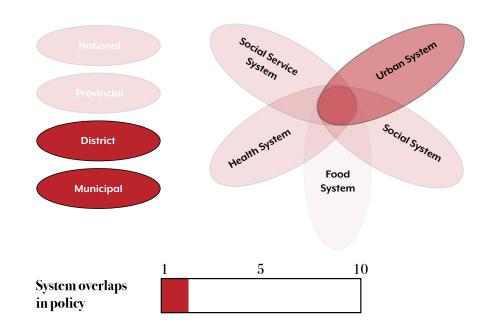
We have bigger cupboards at home for bulk buying staple foods, vegetable and fruit racks to store our fruit and veggies.

The only problem we have is a mice infestation because of the litter that is being dumped across the road (we live opposite the taxi rank) sometimes some of our foods, especially cereal and noodles are eaten/destroyed by mice and we end up having to throw the whole packet away. We live in a block of flats, but they can still enter through the roof.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- Road to Health Booklet
- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012

THEME: Waste



- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
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- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21

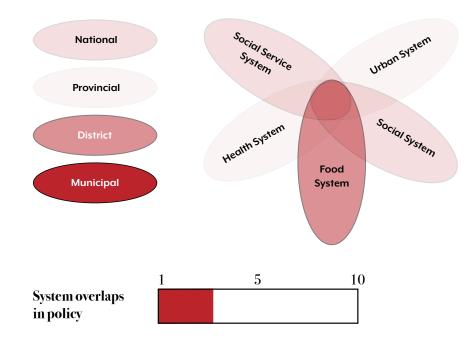


Participant 1: Let's say there is a special at Shoprite they extend the days up until the end of the grant. So, they ensure from month end up until the days where the grant is received, we do get those specials.

Participant 2: On my side i first look on the special paper before from both of those shop then a do a list if on Shoprite a wl go and buy what and pick and pay also at food lovers.

Participant 3: Yes specials are important because we buy food in bulk so it can last till end of the month and we see the specials on tv and sometimes in Facebook cz they do advertise their specials on Facebook

THEME: Big shops and Grants



- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
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- National Food and Nutrition Security Implementation Plan 2014
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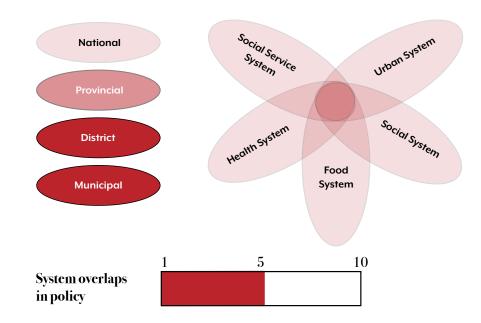


Participant 1: Good morning, what I can induce from this picture is that there isn't any proper hygiene processing. The cabbage is being cut on top of a newspaper. Even the person that's preparing this isn't wearing any gloves and I'm certain his hands haven't been washed. This is typically why I don't buy and ready/handled food at Baraka stores (foreign owned spaza stores) because they don't care much about cleanliness.

Participant 2: Ever since the Barakas came into Masiphumelele, they have far played a crucial role in our community (though people or "we" get sceptical of their products because they are low in the production level. Usually cheaper and unusual products we have never been exposed to...

They give food in credit, as in the picture they make things easier by creating halves for lower prices. Half of loaf of bread, half of the cabbage, single nappies for R4/R5, slices of polony or cheese at a lower price, beef stock cube for R1. The cheap nappies (brands we don't know but very affordable and user friend-ly). A packet of 20 for R40. The 10kg combos, rice, sugar, mealie meal, flour.

THEME: Spaza



- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
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- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- National Food and Nutrition Security Implementation Plan 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
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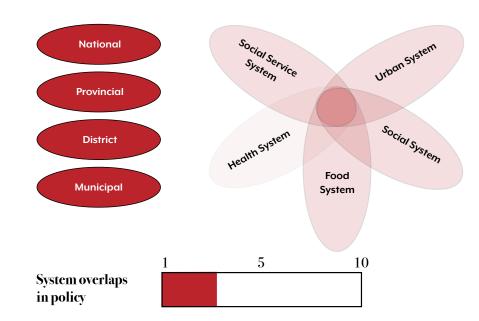


I think for everybody the meals changes as month goes by. At the beginning of the month we eat very nice, meaty meals almost, maybe four or five times in a week time. And then when the month goes there in the middle of the month things are getting, things are getting tougher, so we change to meals that are easier like pilchards, sausages, chicken livers, chicken hearts. And then when it's the end, month end when you don't have nothing meaty, you eat things like "mphokoqo", we eat "tappel rice," we say its tappel rice because its rice mixed with potatoes, we eat those things. We also make steam bread. We put them in the cups because there is no meat and you do that with cabbage. You put your veggies and you put cabbage because cabbage makes it very nice when there is no meat, cabbage makes it very, very nice. You put your veggies and then you put your dough in the cups, in the same pot and you cook your staff, yeah meals go according to the state of the month, yes.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan

THEME: Diet during the month



- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
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- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- National Food and Nutrition Security Implementation Plan 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended 2017
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- Cape Town Municipal Spatial Development Framework 2018
- Cape Metro District Health Plan 2018 2021

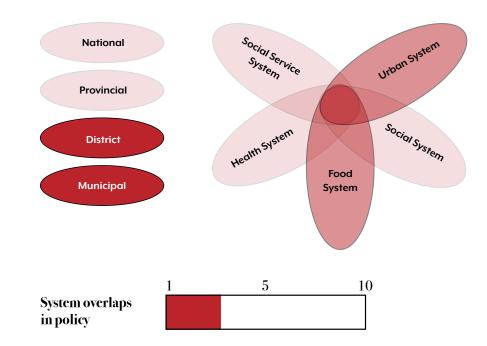


When it comes to braai, I love braai meat. I love it a lot and I love the meat with fat... Compared to other braai places, she is the best. There is a braai place next to my house but even on a rainy day, I do not even think of going to the close by braai place I rather go to her shack and find shelter there because her meat is nice it sells itself and it is very tasty in the mouth and it is a lot... The meat there is nice. Every time you get good service, there is not day without good service.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- Health Promotion Levy on sugary beverages 2018
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)

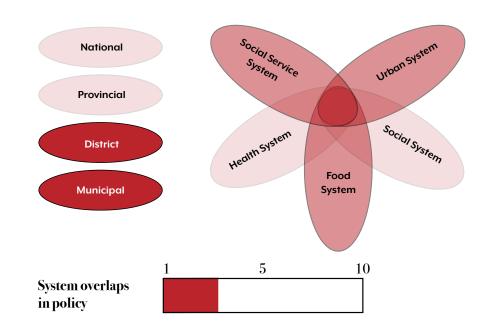
THEME: Braai



- Western Cape Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- Cape Town Municipal Spatial Development Framework 2018
- Cape Metro District Health Plan 2018 2021
- City of cape town informal trading by-law 2006 (and updated in the Trading policy 2013) Informal trading policy, 2013
- Cape Town Urban Design Policy 2013
- Cape Winelands Local Economic Development Strategy 2017-2022
- Cape Winelands District health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21City of cape town informal trading by-law 2006 (and updated in the Informal Trading Policy 2013)
- Cape Town Urban Design Policy 2013
- Cape Town Food Gardens Policy in support of poverty alleviation and reduction 2013.
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21



Theme: Amagwinya



STORIES

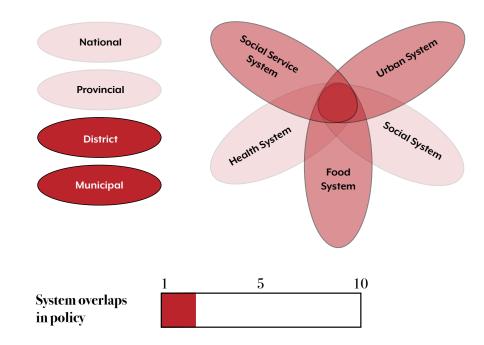
The vetkoek places are mostly loved by the children. They love buying, more especially when they are coming from school and there is no cooked food and you just buy a vetkoek for them.

- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
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"The thing is those children of ours, they don't want to be sent to the shop. So, for them to go fast and come back quick, you must say this one is for you – you buy chips or whatever you want, but this one is for bread, then they will go. If you don't give them anything – even my younger child – I couldn't send her because she will buy sweets with all my money. She will come back with lots of chips, lots of sweets, and then where is the bread that I sent you for? She doesn't know anything.

THEME: Children buying sweets



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- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- Cape Town Municipal Spatial Development Framework 2018
- Cape Metro District Health Plan 2018 2021
- City of cape town informal trading by-law 2006 (and updated in the Informal Trading Policy 2013)
- Cape Town Urban Design Policy 2013
- Cape Winelands Local Economic Development Strategy 2017-2022
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21

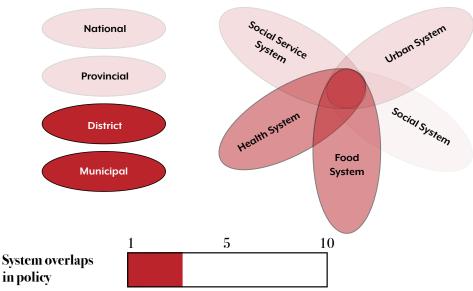


Participant 1: We usually buy from the vendor's when we're running short on supplies or money because they're very cheap and also they're veggies are always fresh and clean.

Participant 2: I do buy from them some times when I see it's fresh veggies and I think it's not a problem to buy from them because you are going to wash your veggies thoroughly but at times you see it slappy tired. As I see the picture it looks fresh and good looking that's when I buy it especial Spinach, cabbage, sweet potato, green beans. I like it. My baby like sweet potato too much.

Participant 3: [I don't buy] all the time because the fruit n Veg by street vendors is exposed to the Sun from morning till afternoon and they hardly sell everything in one day so they comeback the next day n sit with the same fruit n Veg the whole day.

Theme: Fruit and Veg vendor



- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines (2012 edition)
- Foodstuffs, cosmetics and Disinfectants Act (1972) as amended
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Cape Town Municipal Spatial Development Framework 2018
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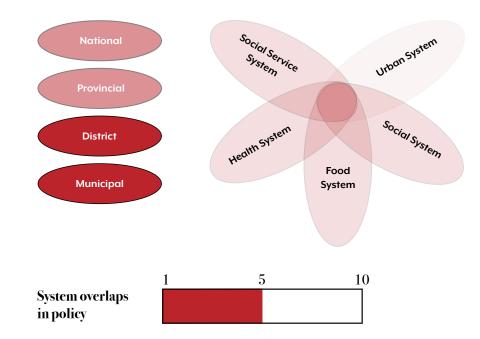


Researcher: Did you still pay creche fees during lock down? Did everyone at the creche get food or only if you had kept up with payment?

Participant 1: I did not pay and they would call even though you not paying.

Participant 2: And the food parcels had everything we needed. E.g Samp, peanut butter, ace pap, tinned fish, spaghetti and lot of other things... And since it was lockdown and both my boys were at home things were a bit hard because the older one wanted everything so the food parcels really made a difference

Theme: Creche and food parcels (Zweletemba)

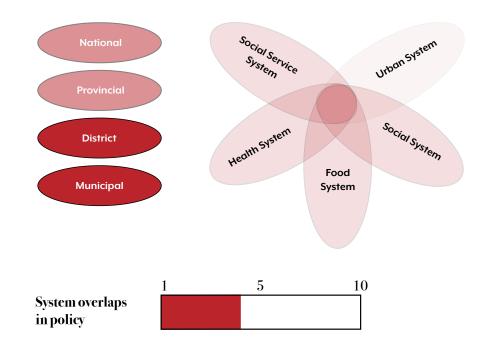


- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations Relating to the Fortification of Certain Foodstuffs 2003
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- South African Constitution
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Provincial Integrated Early Childhood Development Strategy
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
- Western Cape on Wellness (WOW) (non dated)
- Cape Town Early childhood Development land use policy 2013
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21



"Also, with the food that is given to the children at crèche it's the right food. Because they cook for them that rice that has already vegetables in it. They also cook porridge for them sometimes they cook noodles for them. In addition, what I like about the crèche is that there is care, any crèche they have care. Because when your child does not have fruit, some of the parents do not always have the money to buy fruit but because the child is at crèche it does not mean it's going to show that the child did not have fruit or comes from a poor home. The teachers have a way of taking care of that. If there is an apple, they would share that apple with that child so that child can also eat fruit, you see. What I like about other crèches they have a rule that you are not allowed to bring chips and the children also know that it's not allowed to bring chips at school."

Theme: Creche Zweletemba



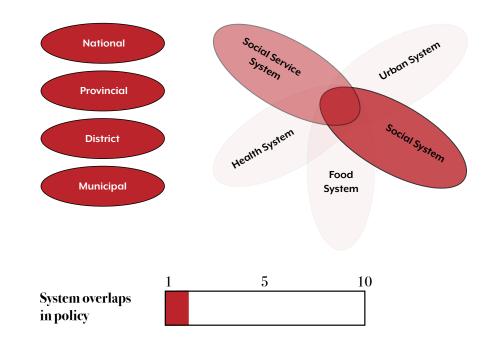
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- The Social Assistance Act 2004
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- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21



Participant 1: They really helped us these people who were cooking during that time of Covid. In our street they were cooking Monday until Friday and also giving out food parcels sometimes.

Participant 2: Each street gets food from Living Hope (NGO working in Masiphumelele) they get from sponsors and other kitchens they have their own sponsors, so they give you the food each kitchen u have 5 ladies you cook at your home with your electricity or gas with your own pots and cook for the people

Theme: Community kitchens



- Road to Health Booklet
- The South African Food Based Dietary Guidelines
- Regulations Relating to the Fortification of Certain Foodstuffs 2003
- Regulations relating to foodstuffs for infants and young children 2012
- Strategy for the Prevention and Control of Obesity in South Africa 2015-2020
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- South African Constitution
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Provincial Integrated Early Childhood Development Strategy
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- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security Strategic Framework (2016)
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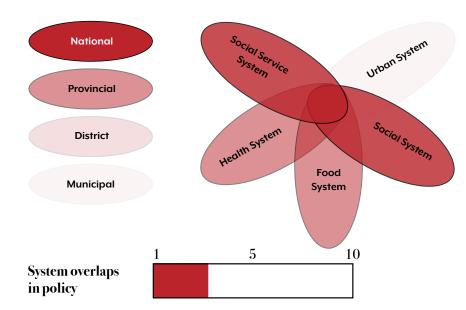
Participant 1: I never experienced any problems with registering for the SASSA grant, I use the gold card so I can collect my grant at any atm or retail stores. The grant has played a major [role] in supporting our kids in terms of food, we can buy food that is healthy as well as spoil them a bit when necessary, and the extra 500rands that we received during last year played a very significant role in how we buy for our kids."

Participant 2: After I completed my application for the Grant I had to wait for an additional month before getting paid and the money was doubled Instead of receiving 440rand I received 752rand and I withdraw the money at any ATM and I was able to buy food and nappies for my daughter but after the 500rand extra stopped I only afforded to buy I packet of nappies and some food but it was not enough for a month and my mother helps me.

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan

Theme: SASSA



- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- Road to Health Booklet
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
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- City of Cape Town Social Development Strategy 2013
- City of Cape Town Vulnerable groups policy 2013
- City of Cape Town Informal Trading by-law 2006 (and updated in the Informal Trading Policy 2013)
- Cape Winelands District Health Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21
- Cape Winelands District Municipality: Socio Economic Profile 2018

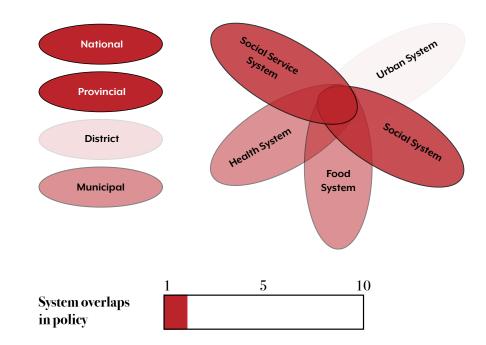


"This is a lunch time meal in Zweletemba. For lunch the adults and older children normally ate leftovers from the previous night. The younger kids usually had two minute noodles – preferred by the kids and cheap and accessible for the family. The older kids help the younger kid by preparing the noodles. The salt and Aromat were used on both the leftovers and the noodles."

EXISTING INTERVENTIONS

- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- Road to Health Booklet
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
- Western Cape Government Household Food and Nutrition Security

Theme: Lunchtime meals



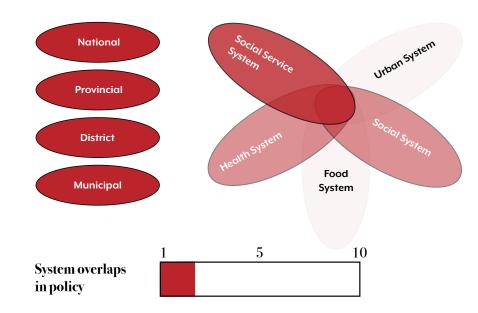
Strategic Framework (2016)

- Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF) (2014)
- City of Cape Town Resilience Strategy 2019
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"Many of the participants in the project had lost their employment within one month of the first covid lockdown. While they noted that the temporary supplementation of the Child Support Grant was appreciated, most were still really struggling to meet their needs. In Zweletemba many of the creches had been able to provide food parcels for the entire family. In Masi, food parcels for children only were provided by a few creches. Covid amplified concerns about water and sanitation issues within the communities."

Theme: COVID-19



- South African Constitution
- National Development Plan
- The Social Assistance Act 2004
- National Policy on Food and Nutrition Security 2014
- Road to Health Booklet
- Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Social Development Strategy 2020-2025
- Western Cape Strategic Plan for Health (2020 2025)
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